

LAND CAPABILITY & CROP SUITABILITY



Presentation to Agbiz

Presented by: Hermann Strydom; Anneliza Collett

STUDY BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVES

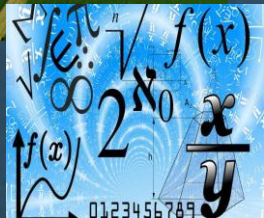


Legislation:

SALA and CARA to be replaced by PDALB. Protected Agricultural Areas and High-Value Agricultural Land.

Objectives:

1. To develop standardized spatial land capability and agricultural zone models based on the best available published Agricultural and Geographic Information System (GIS) Sciences.
2. To improve the data through field work.
3. Apply, test and calibrate the models to create land capability, crop suitability, livestock- and rangeland suitability datasets that defines agricultural zones datasets.
4. To present the results in a vector data format linked to a spatial viewer and reporting tools.



Source

Empirical

Derived

Calculated

Agro-Climate



South African Atlas of Agro-hydrology and – Climatology Database;
*13,174 Climate Stations;
484,856 pixel values/attr.
@ 1,6 km resolution*

1. Rainfall;
2. Temperature;
3. Evaporation.

4

45(264)

Agro-Soil



The Improved National Land Type Soils Database;
*301,901 Site Associations;
145 Million pixel
values/attr. @
90m resolution.*

1. Soil Form;
2. Soil Series;
3. Soil Depth;
4. Topsoil Clay %;
5. Subsoil Clay %;
6. Soil Colour.

10

11

Agro-Topography

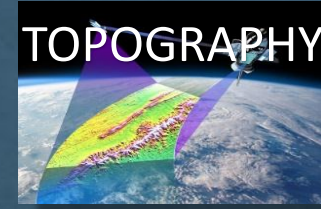


The Shuttle Radar Topography Mission (SRTM) DEM;
*145 Million pixel
values/attr. @
90m resolution
resampled from a 30m
pixel resolution.*

1. Altitude

1. Slope Gradient;
2. Slope Aspect

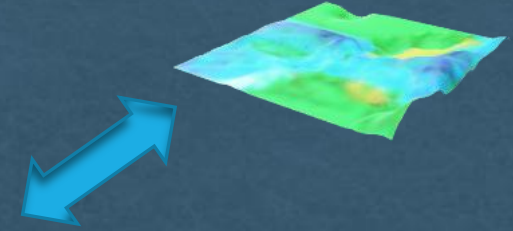
1. Flow Direction;
2. Flow-Accumulation;
3. Curvature;
4. Drainage density;
5. Relative Relief.



Expert-
knowledge;
Literature

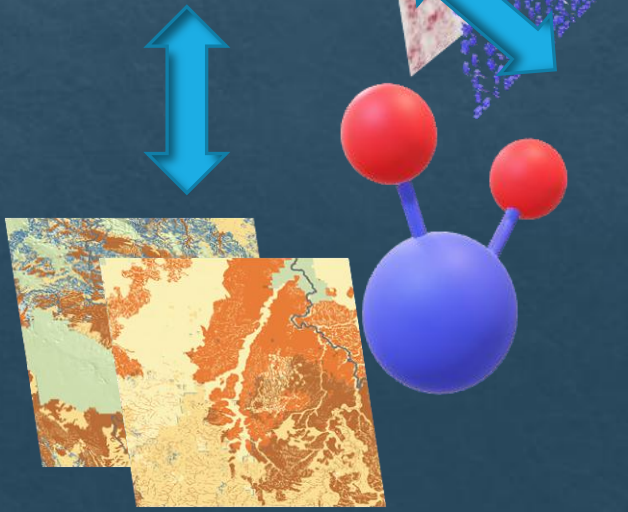


Integrated
GIS
Data Base



Crop-Geographical
profiling-
Bio-physical variables

Multi-Criteria Evaluation
within a GIS
Environment



Multi-Variable
Suitability Layers

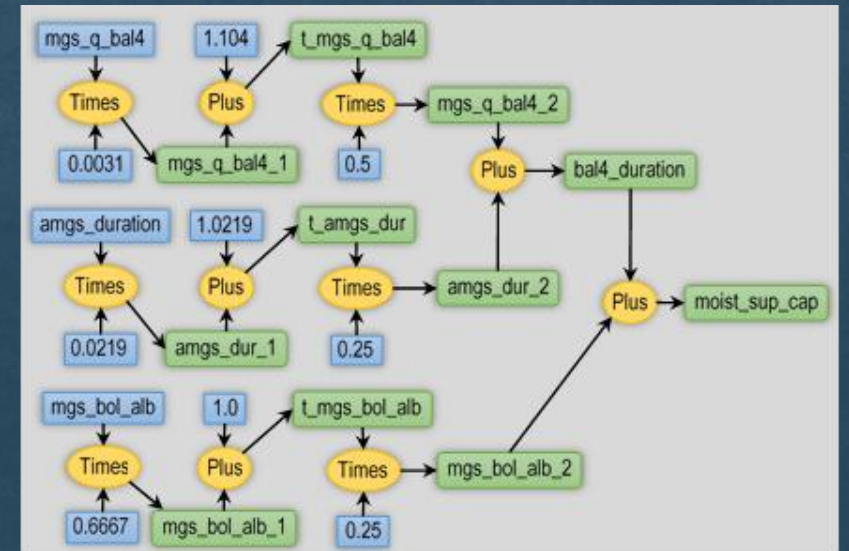
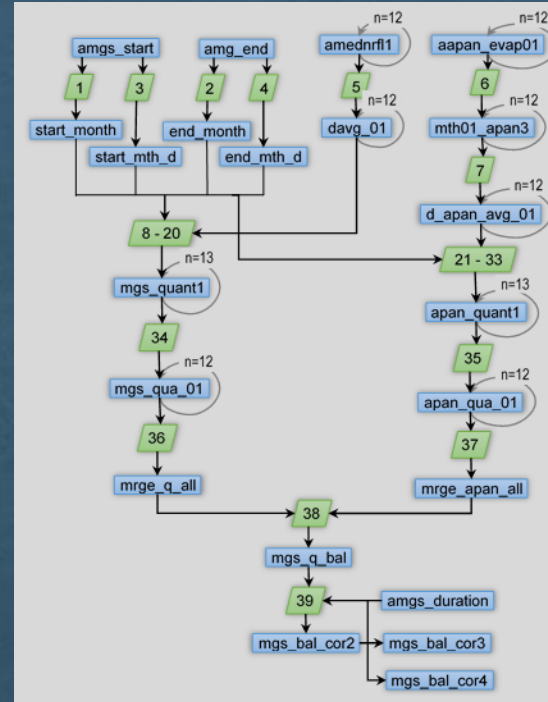
Integrated
GIS
Model Base

DATABASE

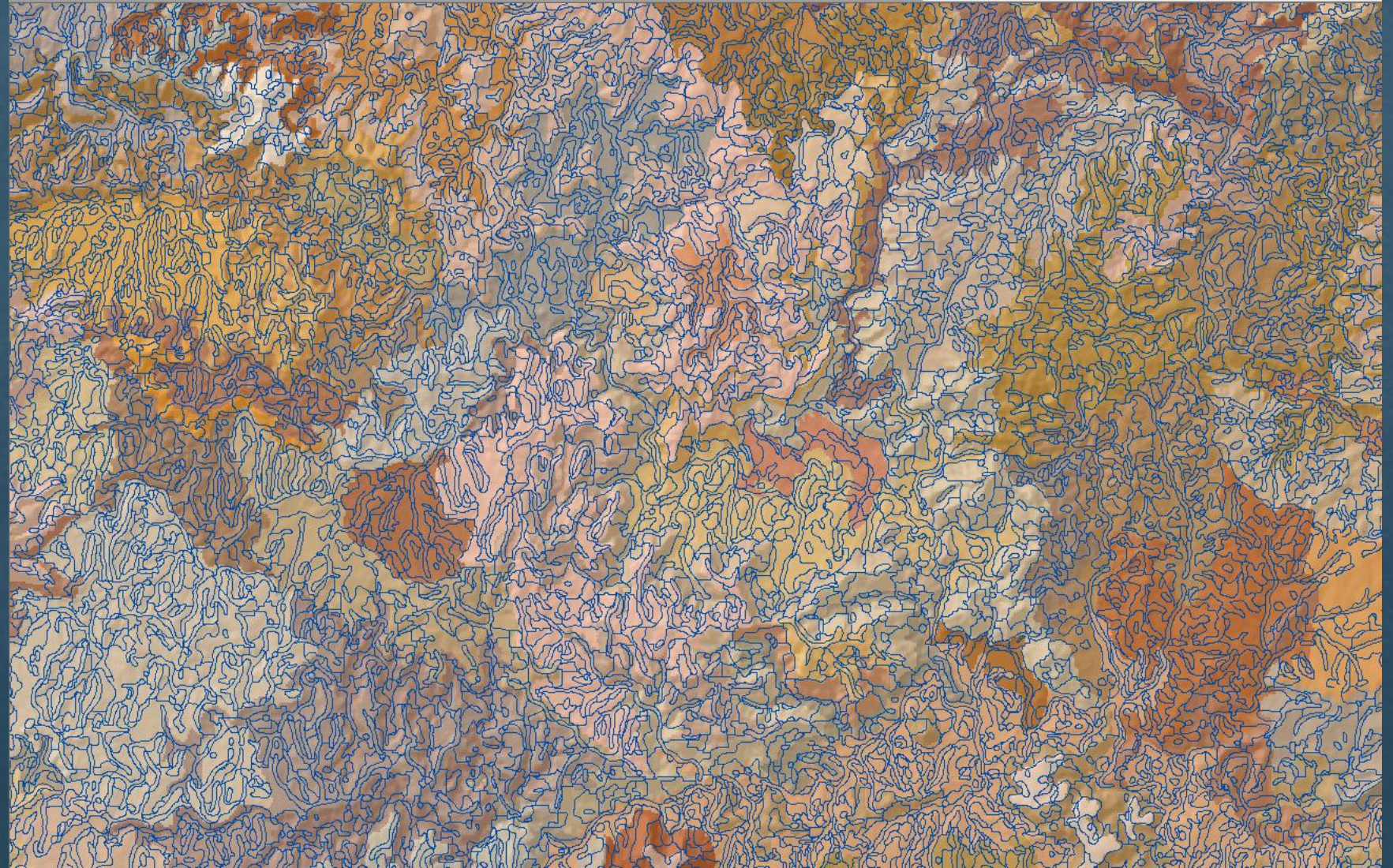
Integrated spatial raster, vector
&
non-spatial attribute data

Procedures to calculate
data

Procedures to
derive data



LAND CAPABILITY
DATA COMPARISON:
1 745 Land type polygons
vs
301 901 Land capability
polygons



CROP SUITABILITY APPROACH

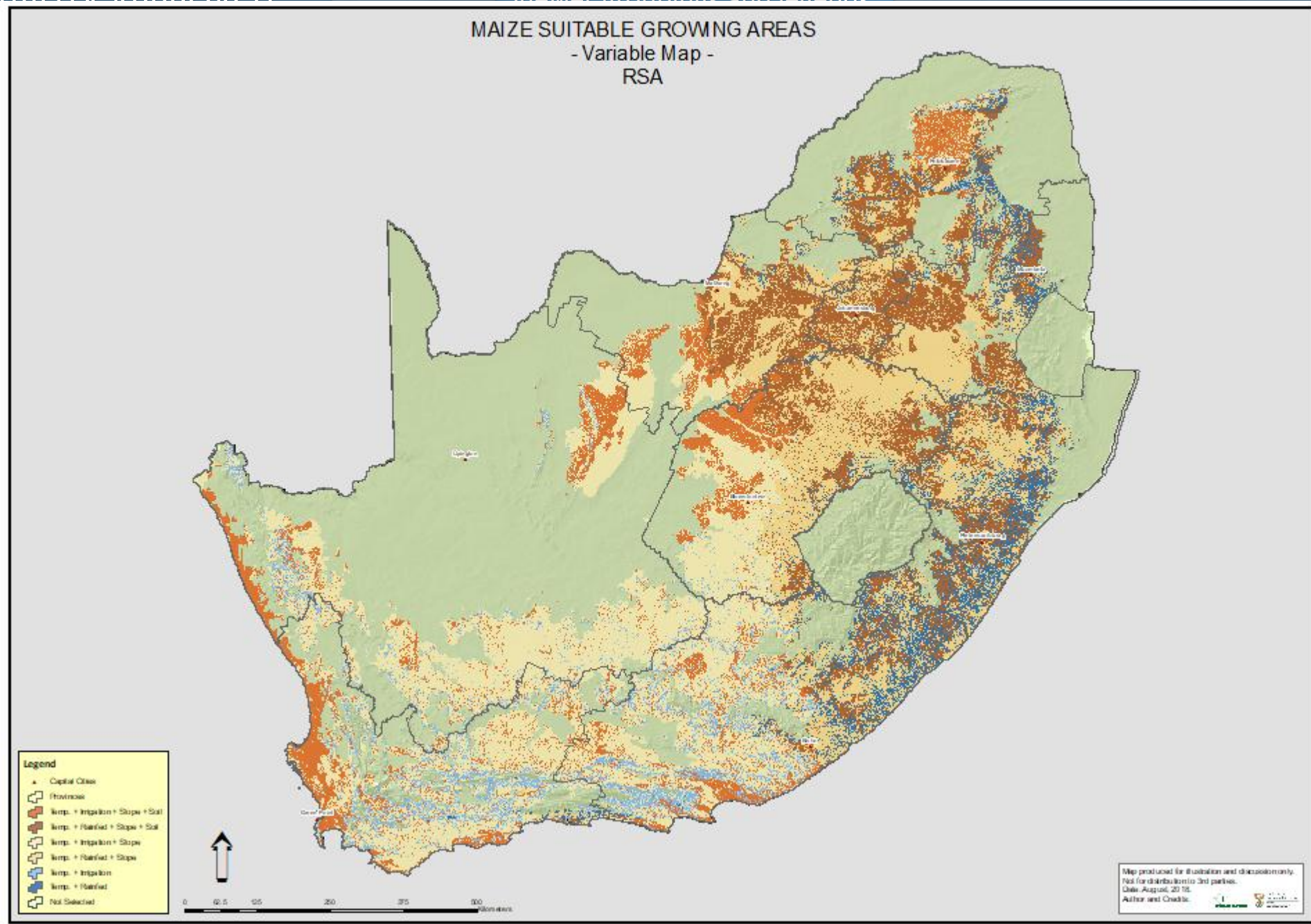
Thematic crop suitability map:

viewer, groupings and legends:

1. Agricultural
 1. Rainfed
 2. Irrigated
2. Seasonality
 1. Winter
 2. Summer
3. Geographical
 1. Winter
 2. Irrigated

Barley Example

1. Winter
2. Irrigated



able.

Temp Suitable Areas.
part of the Mohr

able areas, is completely
temperature suitable areas

gation+slope+soils

able <= 12%.
indef. Added to

all+slope+soils.

able <= 12%
requirements

re growing period.
is (lower limits) and Jan
imit).
yed in-field.

uirements.

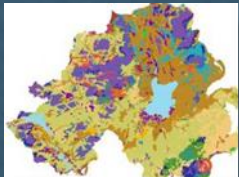
SPATIAL VIEWER



INTEGRATED SPATIAL AND
ATTRIBUTE DATABASE



REPORTING TOOL



128 Thematic layers/maps



43 Crops with 231 suitability layers



1 281 987 Million AES polygon legends
433 514 Farm portion legends



SYSTEM BENEFITS



A seamless, standardized system and database assisting multiple users in their business decision-making processes.



Significant cost-savings- For any farm portion/AES polygon in the country- detailed report including 104 variables.



Red-flag indicator variables: e.g. crop suitability predictions to avoid off-site plantings and no-yield probabilities.



Farm-evaluation takes less than 15 minutes using the system tools. A detailed farm feasibility analysis report is possible in less than a day.



Value-chain analysis – multiple inputs, e.g. environmental impact assessment; protected areas, sensitive biodiversity, wetlands, etc.

INDUSTRY USES

1:

BANKING

Pre-Screening – All new and existing clients – credit applications:
Land capability; crop suitability; grazing capacity; livestock suitability;
rangeland suitability; environmental risk; land use; land cover; etc.

2:

AGRICULTURE

On-farm land use planning;
Agricultural risk – climate, soil, topographical;
Crop-, forestry-, and animal adaptability / suitability predictions.

3:

GOVERNMENT

Legislation- spatial demarcation; norms and standards; regulations;
land degradation; etc.

4:

ENVIRONMENTAL

Environmental risk and impact assessments (EIAs);
Identification of sensitive and protected areas (wetlands, biodiversity, etc.)

5:

MONITORING

The use of agricultural land, conservation status of agricultural resources;
Impact of climate change on all forms of land use;
Daily monitoring of indicator variables – field level: diseases, yield, etc.

THE ROAD AHEAD

1. Continuously refining the database and models through in-house R & D

2. Complete the online Database & Tools

3. Add a field-crop boundary monitoring module

4. Create a detailed Farm-Crop Suitability Reporting Tool

5. Mobile-based solutions following a modular approach



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